Top 5 Tips for Going Electric and Preventing Costly Electrical Service Upgrade

By implementing these best practices, contractors can help homeowners potentially save between \$3,000 and \$20,000+ while also reducing project delays by 6 to 12+ months.



Recent advances in technology and electric home equipment mean that costly electrical panel or service upgrades, such as increasing from 100 to 200 amps, are often unnecessary when transitioning to efficient heat pumps, electric appliances, and home electric vehicle chargers. In the past, service upgrades were a common recommendation, but today there are practical ways to avoid expensive upgrades thanks to ongoing efficiency improvements and research. Making the switch to all-electric not only reduces pollution but also improves community health and safety.

Recent data indicates that over 90% of homes will be able to fully electrify on 100 amps without requiring a larger panel or utility service upgrade. The following guidelines can help contractors and customers maximize a home's existing power.

Consolidate: If there are more lighting or convenience circuits Free panel space: If all breaker slots than needed, consolidate circuits within a new junction box or are full, use skinny ("slimline") or tandem **Panel** other method of combining two lightly loaded branch circuits and breakers that provide two distinct **Optimization** run a new wire from that junction box to an existing 120V breaker. breakers in one 1" breaker slot. 10-20A saved Note: In our climate, auxiliary heat Specify variable speed heat pump HVAC systems with 120V air handlers ("electric strip heating") should be and manufacturer provided "communicating" (2-wire) thermostats. Not avoided by properly air-sealing only do these systems save energy and lower customer bills, but they can **HVAC** conditioned spaces and sizing also power the air handler off the heat pump's circuit, avoiding a separate HVAC systems and any needed 240V air handler circuit and freeing up the existing 15A furnace circuit. ductwork appropriately. 30-60A saved Note: Installers typically recommend selecting HPWH products based on Heat Pump Install a 240V 15A or a 120V 15A HPWH instead of a 240V 30A first-hour rating requirements, which **Water Heater** model when possible. often includes upsizing the tank size (HPWH) by one or two sizes when replacing a gas storage tank water heater. 15A saved Electric Clothes Drying: Consider a new 120V ventless heat pump clothes dryer, or go a step further Cooking Cooking: Order 40A induction/electric range models from with a combo washer/dryer to save two major manufacturers rather than the default 50A version. and Clothes breaker slots while also making laundry easier. Drying 10A saved 15-30A saved "Right-sized" charging: Customers that Circuit sharing: Install a circuit sharing device set to pause the EV average less than 48 miles per day of charger when the primary circuit is operating. Recommended pairings Electric driving should consider installing either for adding a circuit sharing device include (in order of priority): Level 1 charging (120V 20A circuit) or Vehicle (EV) 1. Electric cooking 2. Electric dryer 3. HPWH and "Low-Power Level 2" (240V 20A circuit) Charging (range or wall oven) and EV charger EV charger

and EV charger

20-50A saved

20-30A saved

15-30A saved

rather than 50A Level 2 charging.

20-30A saved

Need more support?

Our team is here to help you make the transition to clean energy. Contact us at (833) 243-4235 or visit goelectric.svcleanenergy.org



- SVCE-RHA "Electric Service Optimization"
- The City of Palo Alto's Guide to Electrification
- **SVCE Contractor Training Program**

All Electric 100 Amp Home (2,000 square feet)

Ducted heat pump, medium power heat pump water heater, hybrid heat pump dryer

Device Volts	Device Amps	100 Am	p Panel	Device Amps	Device Volts
120	8	Lights/Plug 15	Lights/Plug	8	120
120	8	- Lights/Plug 15	Lights/Plug	8	120
120	8	Lights/Plug 15	Lights/Plug	8	120
120	10	Garbage Disposal	Kitchen Outlets	13	120
120	7	Refrigerator 20	ON Kitchen Outlets	13	120
120	0	Spare 15	0 Dishwasher □□□	12	120
120	0	Furnace (removed)	Clothes Washer	13	120
240	20	Heat Pump Centrally & Ducted	O Hybrid Heat Pump Dryer	14	240
240	20	ಳ್ <mark>ಷಾ</mark> EV Charger 25	Range (cooktop +oven)	40	240
240	16	型 Solar Input 20	Heat Pump Water Heater	12	240
House square footage = 2000 Total Counted Panel Amps =					96.7
Additional House Information 4 occupants EV charging up to 19 miles/hr Located in California climate zone 3 (SF Peninsula) Some insulation 38,000 Btuh heating and cooling 60-80 gallon heat pump water heater 4-burner induction or standard electric range 7.4 cu. foot hybrid heat pump dryer A 20-amp circuit will support a 3.8 kW inverter. (Many 3.8 kW inverters can support up to a 5.8 kW solar array depending on inverter load ratio)					



Load calculations per the National Electrical Code Section 220.82(B) and 220.83(B)